

# Michaelis-Menten kinetics

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"Antonio Ruberti"

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- $S$  is the substrate
- $E$  is the enzyme
- $C$  is the complex  $SE$
- $P$  is the product

- $k_{on}/k_{off}$  are the on/off coefficients for the complex  $C$  formation
- $v$  is the rate for product  $P$  production
- phosphorylation/methylation, transcription, etc.



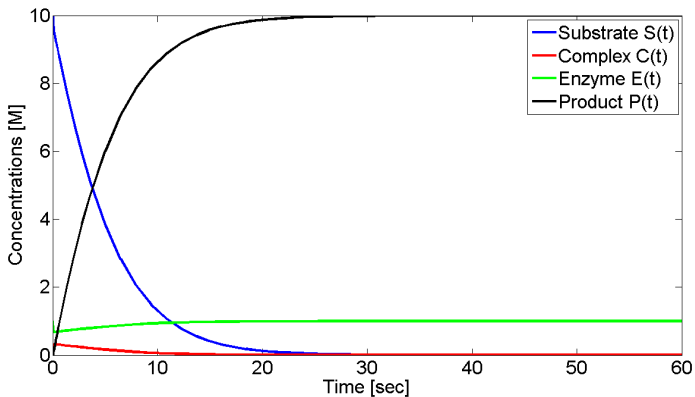
$$\begin{cases} \dot{S}(t) = -k_{on}E(t)S(t) + k_{off}C(t) & S(0) = S_{tot} \\ \dot{E}(t) = -k_{on}E(t)S(t) + k_{off}C(t) + vC(t) & E(0) = E_{tot} \\ \dot{C}(t) = k_{on}E(t)S(t) - k_{off}C(t) - vC(t) & C(0) = 0 \\ \dot{P}(t) = vC(t) & P(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

## Mass constraints

- Total substrate:  $S(t) + C(t) + P(t) = S_{tot}$
- Total enzyme:  $E(t) + C(t) = E_{tot}$

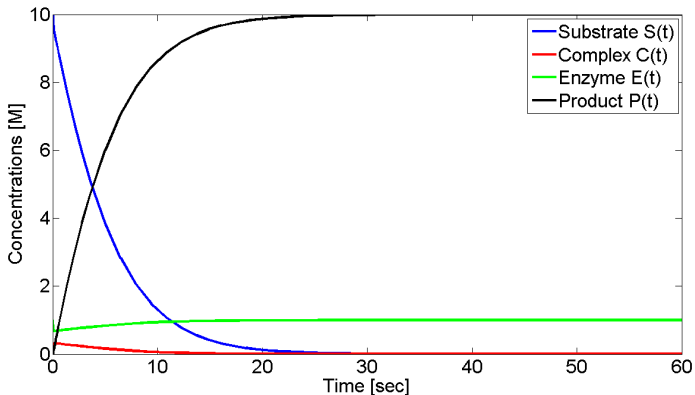


$$\begin{cases} \dot{S}(t) = -k_{on}(E_{tot} - C(t))S(t) + k_{off}C(t) & S(0) = S_{tot} \\ \dot{C}(t) = k_{on}(E_{tot} - C(t))S(t) - k_{off}C(t) - vC(t) & C(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$



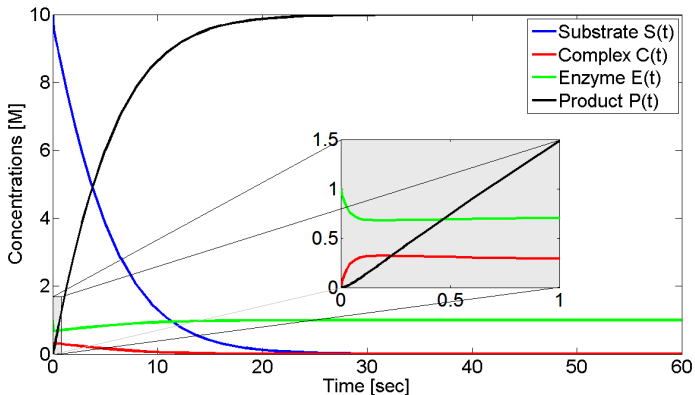
## Simplifying assumptions

- The complex dynamics is **faster** than the substrate dynamics
- During this fast complex transient the substrate does not decrease appreciably



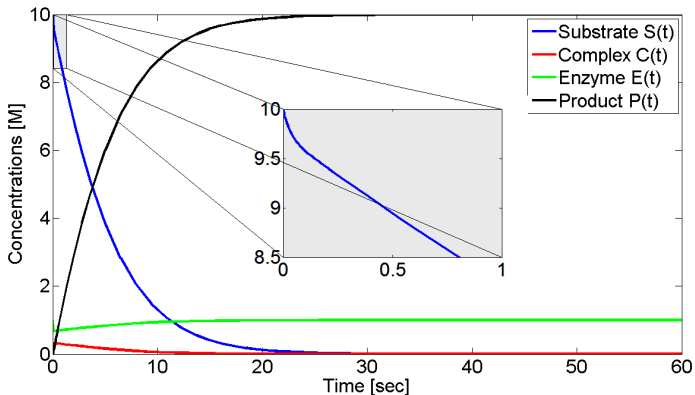
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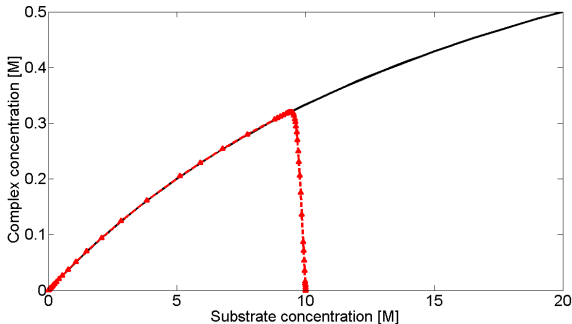


# Standard Quasi Steady-State Approximation (sQSSA)

$$\dot{C}(t) = k_{on}(E_{tot} - C(t))S(t) - k_{off}C(t) - vC(t) = 0$$

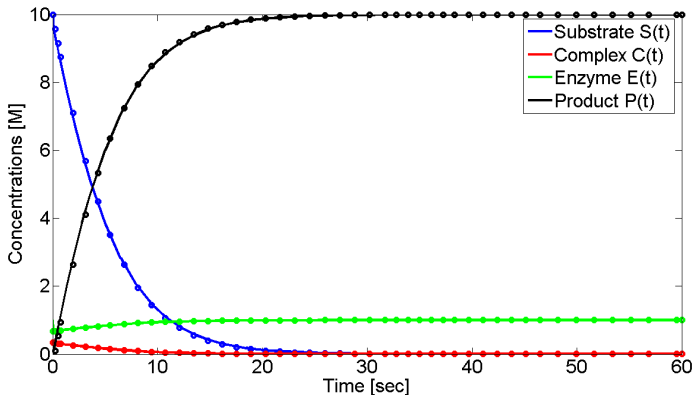
$$\implies C(t) = E_{tot} \frac{S(t)}{S(t) + K_m} \quad K_m = \frac{k_{off} + v}{k_{on}}$$

$$\dot{S}(t) = -vE_{tot} \frac{S(t)}{S(t) + K_m} \quad S(0) = S_{tot}$$



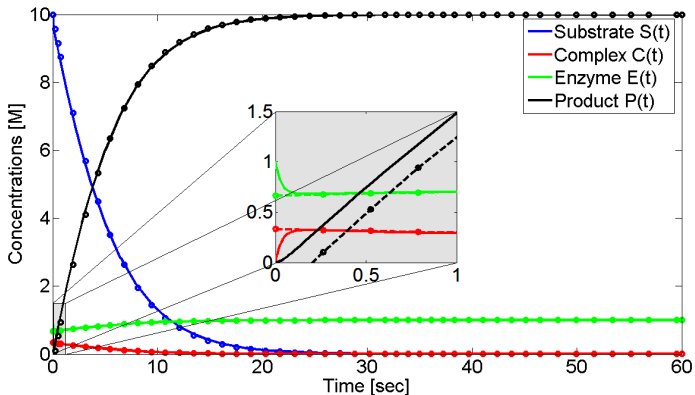


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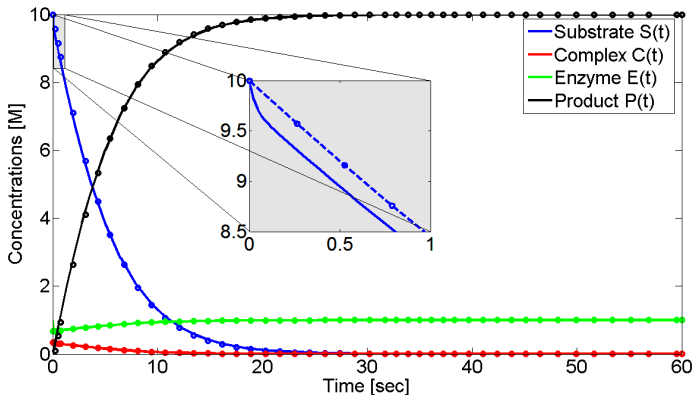
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$$\dot{P}(t) = vC(t) = vE_{tot} \frac{S(t)}{S(t) + K_m} = V_{max} \frac{S(t)}{S(t) + K_m}, \quad P(0) = 0$$

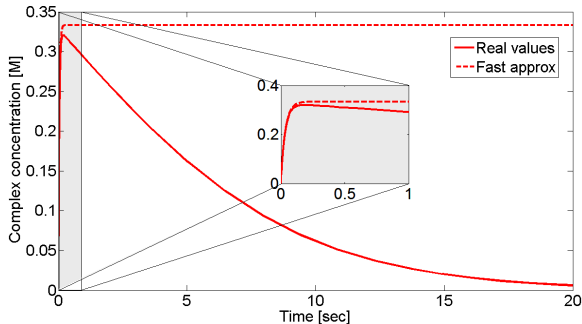
Parameters  $V_{max}$  and  $K_m$  can be computed from experiments

# Validity of the sQSSA: computation of the time constants

Fast transient:  $S(t) \simeq S_{tot}$

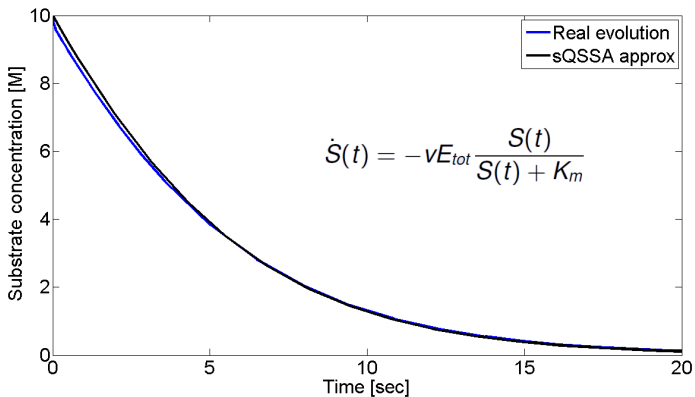
$$\begin{aligned}\dot{C}(t) &\simeq k_{on}(E_{tot} - C(t))S_{tot} - k_{off}C(t) - vC(t) \\ &= -k_{on}(S_{tot} + K_m)C(t) + k_{on}E_{tot}S_{tot}\end{aligned}$$

Linear dynamics:  $C(t) \simeq \tilde{C}(1 - \exp(-t/\tau_f))$       $\tau_f = \frac{1}{k_{on}(S_{tot} + K_m)}$



Time constant  $\tau_s$  (Segel, Bull. Math. Biol. 1988)

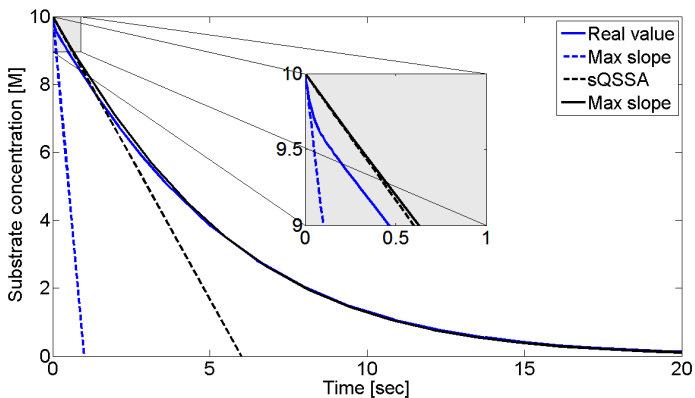
$$\frac{\text{total change in } S \text{ after fast transient}}{\max\{|\dot{S}|\} \text{ after fast transient}}$$



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$$\tau_s = \frac{S_{tot} + K_m}{vE_{tot}}$$

$$\tau_f \ll \tau_s \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{E_{tot}}{S_{tot} + K_m} \ll \left(1 + \frac{k_{off}}{v}\right) \left(1 + \frac{S_{tot}}{K_m}\right)$$

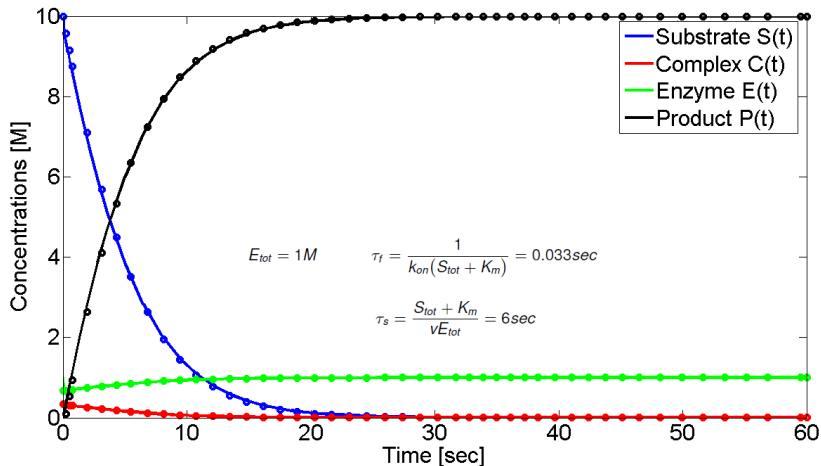
Example:  $k_{on} = 1$ ,  $k_{off} = 15$ ,  $v = 5$ ,  $S_{tot} = 10$ ,  $E_{tot} = 1$ ,  $K_m = 20$

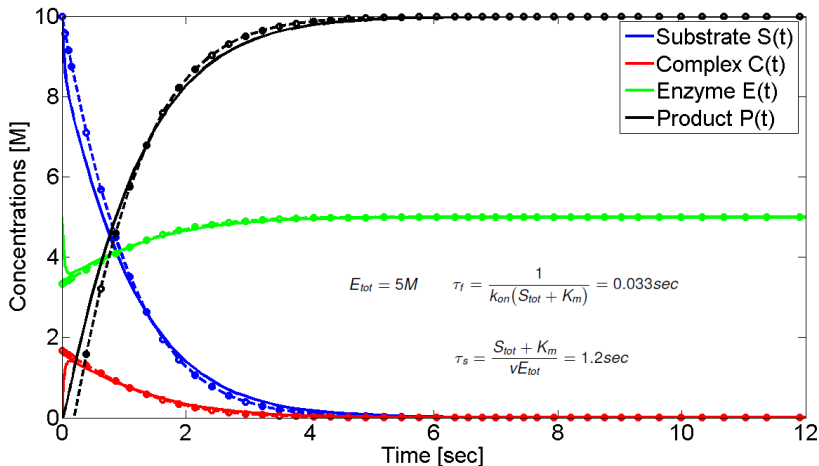
$$\tau_f = \frac{1}{k_{on}(S_{tot} + K_m)} = 0.033\text{sec}$$

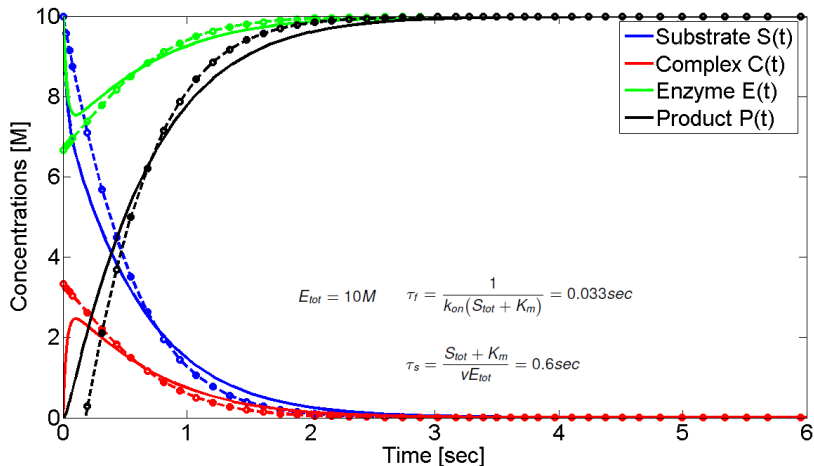
$$\tau_s = \frac{S_{tot} + K_m}{vE_{tot}} = 6\text{sec}$$

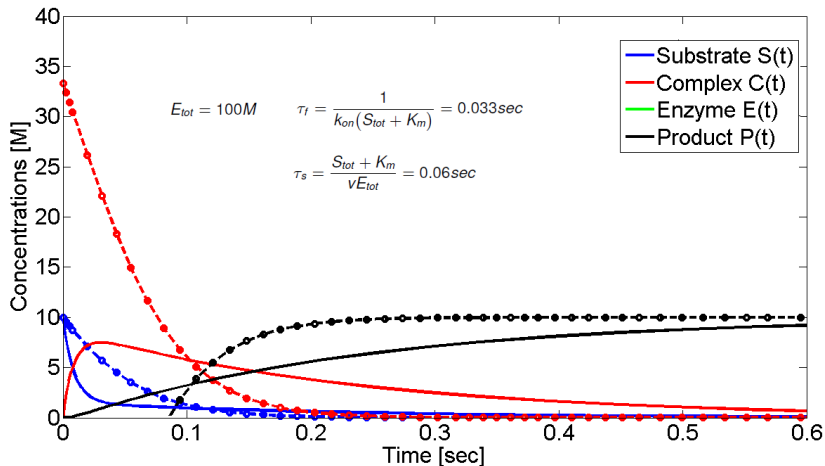
$$\frac{E_{tot}}{S_{tot} + K_m} = 0.033 \ll 4 \cdot 1.5 = 6$$

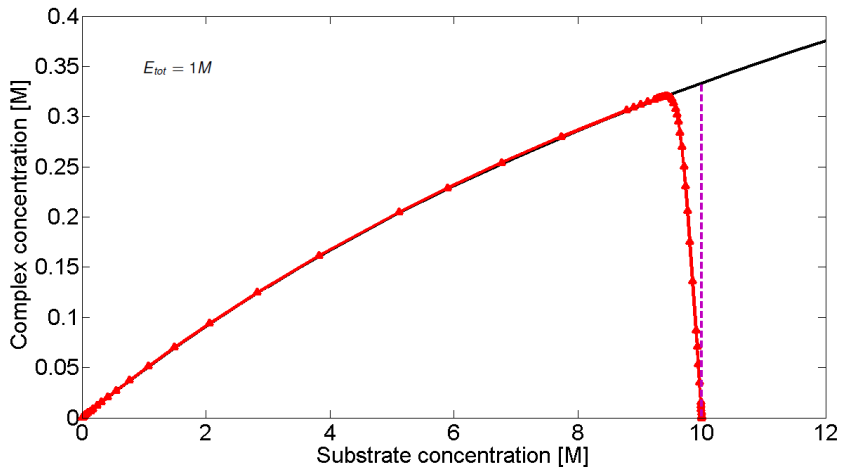


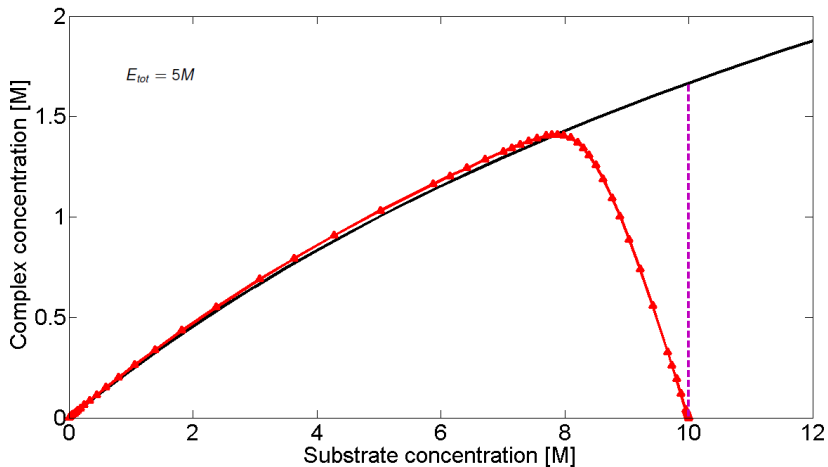


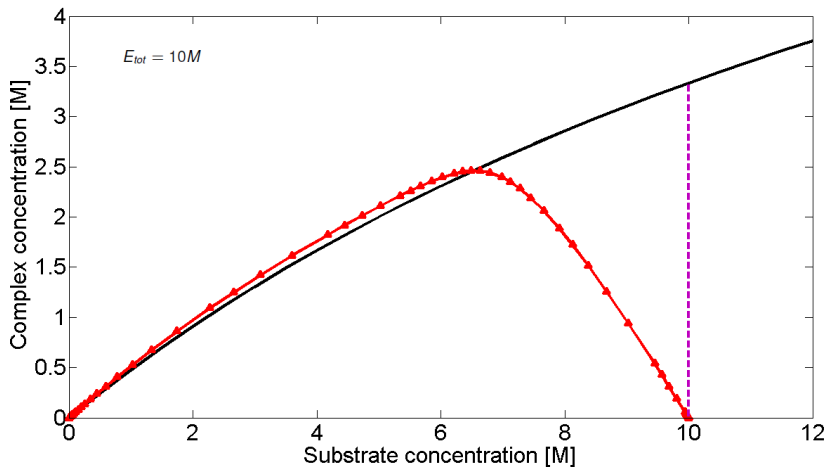


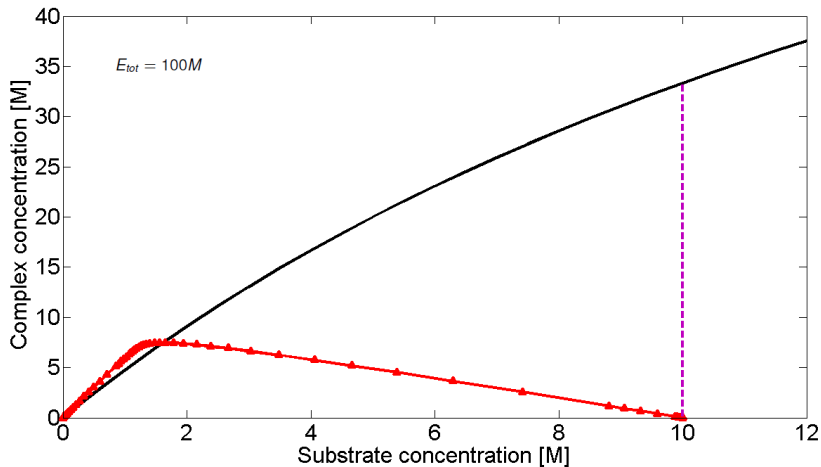














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Mathematical analysis of the sQSSA

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Extension of the sQSSA: the total QSSA (tQSSA)

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Extension of the tQSSA to reversible enzymatic kinetics

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Extension of the tQSSA to enzyme reaction cascades